

THE ROSD AHEAD
FOR AUTOMOTIVE RETAIL
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- OC\&C



## FORCES OF CHANGE

## HOW B G?

HOW FO PREPARE?

The M.G. Car Company

## Does much really change?

The lecture was fllustrated with color slides, showing scenes of New England's largest living musuem, Mr, Panaggio conducted a 1 period after his talk.

WITH FULL FREEDOM OF CHOICE AND ACCEPTANCE OF INDIVIDUAL
RESPONSIBILITY, WE IN AMERICA HAVE BEEN ABLE TO ATTAIN THE HIGHEST STANDARD OF LIVING AND FAMILY SECURITY IN THE WORLD, FAR MIGMER THAN ANY COUNTRY MAS EEEN ABLE TO ESTABLISH FOR ITS PEOPLE THROUGH STATE PROVIGION.

## 'The 'Electric shopper' with a low, sweeping silhouette'

- All Electric
- 2 passengers
- 30 miles on single battery charge
- Operates for Ic per day
- Dependable for more than 25 years 495 Alamitos Ave.



## America'

M1.

## 'GM tests an

 automatically-guided car''Chrysler introduces "automatic accelerator" for highway use, called 'Auto-Pilot'



## 3 <br> Connected




## Subscription




## Electric

Distribution


## CHALLENGEOR CHANCE?

## HOW BIG?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { HOW LONG? } \\
& \text { HOW TOPREPARE? }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Preparing for the opportunity.

## DRIVING CHANGE TOGETHER.

 RESPONStBLY.

There are a huge number of themes impacting retailers today


MARGIN \& COST PRESSURE

EV PARC GROWTH

INCREASING CUSTOMER DEMANDS

## Current model is challenged in some key areas




Heavily invested in the wrong areas of the customer experience?



$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Heavily } \\
\text { invested in the } \\
\text { wrong areas of } \\
\text { the customer } \\
\text { experience? }
\end{array}
$$



## Lacking trust and transparency?




## Low profit margins and structural pressure on future viability?

## Slim ROI is an accepted feature of the model



## And ROS pressure is increasing



## The new car market is unlikely to see an upturn

NEW CAR REGISTRATIONS (UK)
SMMT (2001-2025). Auto Trader forecast (2026-2030)


## And the forecast for used is flat - the recovery will take time

USED CAR TRANSACTIONS (UK) SMMT (2005-2023). Auto Trader forecast (2024-2030)


The impact of new on used is clear - in 2025 almost 3 mn fewer 1-5 year old cars versus 2020

NUMBER OF CARS IN THE PARC BY AGE COHORT
Great Britain. Millions.

|  | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |  | 2021 | 2022 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEW CAR SALES | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2 | 2.1 |
| UP TO1 YEAR OLD | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| 1-3 YEARS OLD | 4 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3 | 3.2 | 3.5 |
| 3-5 YEARS OLD | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3 | 2.8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5-10 YEARS } \\ & \text { OLD } \end{aligned}$ | 9.8 | 9.4 | 9 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 9.2 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 11 | 11.1 | 11 | 10.1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 10-15 } \\ & \text { YEARS OLD } \end{aligned}$ | 7.6 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 8.3 |
| 15+ YEARS OLD | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.7 |

## 

## Themoder is ready for change

## How big? And how long?



These trends combine with a hugely complicated set of operational priorities

## DRIVE

- Effective customer journey
- Attractive marque mix/locations
- Negotiation power with OEM
- Efficient and economic stock sourcing
- Effective customer journey
- Sales cost efficiency
- Network, Logistics and Prep Costs
- SMR Attach Rate/Retention
- Operating Efficiency \& Service
- Attractive CPA
- Customer lifetime value management
- Central cost leverage


## Agenda

Electrifying the future?

Distribution: is Agency too hard?


Digitisation: After the hype, the grind...

## 彩 Electrifying the future?

## Ready or not, they're coming...

Hitting ambitious ZEV Mandate targets might not be smooth, but change is coming

Target EV Share of New Vehicles According to ZEV Mandates, 2024-35 (\%)

乐荌 CARS

$\left[\begin{array}{l}\square-\square \\ 0-0\end{array}\right]$ VANS


Impact on used will be slower - ICE will dip below half the car parc in about a decade


The impact in younger used will be much quicker $1 / 3$ of <3yo by 2027

cars under 1 year old will be EVs in 2027

## $29 \%$

cars 1-3 year old will be EVs in 2027
cars 3.5 year old-will be EVs in 2027

The transition still faces a number of challenges

## AFFORDABIILNTY - ENERGY TNPRASTRUCTURE

## MARKET READINESS SUPPLY - AND BATTERIES

## New brands are ready to shake up the UK market

The brands they consider has changed and could lead to significant, enduring volume loss for some

ELECTRIC CAR REGISTRATIONS - TOP 10 BRANDS Full Year 2023, SMMT


The same brand consideration change is happening in the used market

USED ELECTRIC CAR ENQUIRY SHARE - TOP 10 BRANDS
Past 12 months, Auto Trader

## $\leftrightarrows$ <br> TEミレ~

Tesla


## Marque mix will shift further as a result of Chinese new entrants



Chinese Car Exports (millions of units)

2023F

60
New "Ro-Ro" car vessels ordered by China in 2023

Chinese OEMs lag incumbents on awareness - but can still drop prices

Starting Prices of New EVs: UK vs. China


Aggressive growth has been achieved with the right approach

NEW CAR MARKET SHARE (\%) SMMT

■Korean
Japanese
■MG


## Network is essential

## Dealers and new entrants will need to reassure

Non premium is easier

## Who are the EV consumers?

# Many drivers are now considering EVs - enthusiasts tend to be urban and wealthy 


of EVs considerers in £50k+ HH income (vs $37 \%$ of all car buyers)

those living in a city centre in the UK are considering an EV for their next vehicle

Franchise retailers advertise EV stock
vs. 15\% of Independent

## The barriers are being solved


increase in range in the last decade

years to new EV price parity - we are there on some used cars
growth in number of public chargers since 2020

## And EV enthusiasts will react well to a strong omnichannel experience

"I'd happily purchase my next car 'click \& collect' - without seeing it first ${ }^{1 "}$

"I would consider a monthly subscription if it was in my budget"


# Winning with EV 

 aftersales
## Beyond the sale, electrification will bring further changes

\% of New Car Sales that are BEV

"Repair hours are down 30-50\%, and sale of oil is non existent ${ }^{\prime \prime}$

Norweg
Manage
Deater
"A Nissan group I know has 30-35\% lower after-sales revenues since moving to EV'"

## The answer in Norway has been to focus on retention and expand the product offer - in age and product

UK Attachment Rate of Franchised Dealer SMR by Age of Vehicle (\% Using Franchised Dealer)

"Our brand's workshops saw falls in revenue, but with action we were getting back to where we were before and growing"

# The good news: EV enthusiasts are more prepared to pay for a branded dealer to repair/service their car 

EV Enthusiast Attitudes to Vehicle Servicing $\mathrm{N}=813$, \% of Respondents and repair to use a manufacturer branded dealer vs. an independent garage?
"I'm willing to pay $>5 \%$ premium for a manufacturer branded dealer'


## So how quickly do you need to think about EVs? It varies by department

## SCALE OF POSSIBLE IMPACT

## NEW SALES <br> (c.13\% market dealership Gross Profit) <br> USED SALES <br> (c.16\% market dealership Gross Profit)

## F \& I

(c.18\% market dealership Gross Profit)

## AFTERSALES

(c.55\% market dealership Gross Profit)

## Immediacy

## NOW

- ~22 \% of sales in January 2024
- ~65\% of new sales within 5 years


## NEXT 3 YEARS

Varies with age mix - avg. 3 year old mix gives ~30\% EV in 5 years

## Now

For new vehicles

## NEXT 3 YEARS

$\sim 30 \%$ of cars in the workshop will be EV in five years

## Materiality

MIID (if franchise)

- OEMs need help on conversion, but requires some evolution of sales pitch


## LOW/MID

- Learnings from New will need to be rolled out to used, plus extra reassurance on battery life


## MID (if franchise)

- PCPs likely to be higher priced given RV uncertainty


## HIGH

- Material impact seen in Norway - requiring new strategies to maintain profitability

Without action, the overall growth of EVs is likely to have a significant impact on dealer economics between 2024 and 2030


4


## Further out, retailers face an energy challenge

Estimated power demand from EV charging in the UK, TWh


Example of power demand breakdown


The average dealership will require a supply increase in the region of 200 KVA.

The investment needed is >£100k per site - planning should begin now


## So in summary for EVs...

## 1

EVs are going to take over the market
$50 \%$ new by 2028, and $50 \%$ of parc c. 2033 even assuming some ZEV targets are missed

## 2

The brands who have won historically, may not be those who win in the future the Chinese brands will come...

3

Retailing EVs isn't optional (in new or used), and will be most successful with a more tailored customer offering

## 4

Being able to serve EVs effectively will require investment

5

Aftersales are likely to be massively impacted - but there are mitigation strategies

## .... This implies some imperatives for dealers

## A

Review your OEM mix and adjust footprint

## B

Focus on driving up EV conversion: Train your team \& update your online journey to educate and convert EV buyers

## C

Invest in EV \& ADAS servicing facilities and technician training, ensure electricity supplies are sufficient

## D

Invest in keeping your customers: Update aftersales CRM and marketing to retain older cars and drive consumer mix

E
Diversify aftersales work mix: tyres, body repair

## Agenda

Electrifying the future?

Distribution: is Agency too hard?

Digital: After the hype, the grind...

# $\Theta$ <br> Distribution: is Agency too hard? 

## EV requires investment, driving OEMs to look for cost cuts - distribution is the most obvious lever

## Typical OEM Cost Stack

| Profit | c.10\% |
| :--- | :---: |
| R\&. |  |
| Manufacturing | $25-35 \%$ |
| NSCs | $25-35 \%$ |
| Distribution <br> (Dealers) | $20-30 \%$ |

Considering Agency Models Looking to improve price control and reduce costs/improve efficiency

Experimenting with new online distribution channels (eg Hyundai full transaction via Amazon in US)

Reallocating ATL spend towards direct marketing and tech

Considering options for aftersales ownership (eg using connected car to drive retention)

## OEMs compelled to investigate the promise of lower distribution costs via the D2C model



## Will Agency only work for premium and luxury brands?

## DEALER POSITIVES

Less balance sheet pressure
OEM debtor management
Marketing costs
New car stock funding

## DEALER CONCERNS

Reduced margin
Trade In valuation / stock access
Volume loss to competition
Sales staff turnover
Viability in "Push Market"
Channel leakage

- Lost 0.4\% share but grew volume $5 \%$
- Evidence of push into demo and fleet channels
- Dealers still onboard with process with earnings similar to 2019
- OEM is learning how to retail
- Operating now in UK, Nordics and Germany
- Given the quantum of change this is a good implementation albeit one that is costly in year 1

The switch to Agency has impacted some brands' performance with ad views, leads and SMMT market share significantly back

STOCK SHARE


AD VIEW SHARE
-0.90\%

LEAD SHARE


SMMT MARKET SHARE



OEM/MARKETPLACE RELATIONSHIP

## Varying levels and changing timeframes

Not Exhaustive


Many who committed to pursuing agency are encountering issues; roll-out is not expected to be fast (and 'agency' is different for each OEM)


One third of top OEMs have ruled out agency for now.

Not Exhaustive


## We suspect OEMs will discover it's hard to be a successful retailer

Lead Gen Expertise...
... conversion expertise...
... add on expertise...
...combine with a complex (non)integration of systems...
... and don't forget about a potential impact on the sales team
"The scale of "In the long run I change required to think wholesale maintain a sustainable, profitable business was a key reason to move away from agency"

There are still questions as to whether there is another way


A less marked shift from the historical model might unlock this, with dealers only ceding control in certain areas


## So, in summary for distribution (Agency)...

## 1

Don't mistake a pause with abandonment of the strategy: the underlying need to reduce costs remains

## 2

It can work... but harder in a push market

## 3

Likely to be more successful with large, premium and luxury brands

## 4

It will cut profit on new vehicles and likely impact the customer relationship (although might improve ROCE)

5
There is still space for dealers to influence what the future looks like


## .this implies some imperatives for dealers

## A

Review OEM mix - and what risk/opportunity that holds

## B

Decide where to keep control in agency world (tech/data/process?)

## c

Identify cost cuts to deliver a win:win for OEMs and dealers

## D

Increase management focus on used and aftersales

## Agenda

Electrifying the future?

Distribution: is Agency too hard?

Digital: After the hype, the grind...

## (4)

# Digitisation: after the hype, the grind 

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## When it comes to buying a car, nearly 7 in 10 consumers find the concept of a fast, easy and risk-free online journey appealing

APPEAL TO BUY ONLINE
How appealing do you find this concept?


APPEALING
UNAPPEALING

Scenario explains aspects of experience e.g

- Set prices \& non-negotiable
- Buy online by spending 10 mins entering some personal details incl. financial info
- Car available for delivery in 3 days and delivered by experienced customer service rep
- Have 7 days to get feel for the car, if they're not happy can return for full refund


## 95\% of car buyers want at least some kind of physical experience


'Online Futurists' people who would prefer to buy online

driven by 'non channel' factors

Traditional dealers have compelling advantages in playing in all journey types: online, omnichannel or physical

| CONSUMER <br> TRUST | In-person interactions still carry significant value |
| :---: | :--- |
| SOURCING | Traditional dealers have better access to PX sourcing |
| LOGISTICS <br> EFFICIENCY | For brick-and-mortar retailers, vehicle preparation and retail <br> areas are collocated |
| BRAND <br> ASSOCIATION | OEM brand halo (in some cases) <br> Franchises also capture higher sevice revenues due to new venicle warranies |

However, the buying journey is omnichannel with consumers currently switching between online and offline at different parts of the journey. Retailers need to cater to all needs
of Car Buyers said that they visited a dealer during the buying journey


## And buyers are ready for change - the retailer has a big opportunity

 in fixing traditional pain points
would prefer excellent service, even if it cost more

concerned that vehicle data is inaccurate

feel like they are going back and forth
say a great experience makes them more likely to buy from the retailer

## THE BUYER EXPERIENCE IS NOT GOOD ENOUGH

Digitisation of the journey and on site experience is becoming more important

$35 \%$ of $45+$ year-olds will only visit one dealer: being the dealer of choice from online research is critical to success

# Digital transformation, with a focus on omnichannel and AI, has yielded strong results for Carmax 

"Our [pre-FY22] investments and focus on digital innovation are truly paying off... We advanced our digital capabilities to provide the most customer-centric experience in the industry"

## CEO, Carmax (Annual report, FY22)

"By delivering an omni-channel experience, we're putting our customers in the driver's seat.
They can begin their journey online and progress as much or as little as they like to online"

## 29\% CAGR FY21-FY23

## In-store digital interfaces are offering improved customer experiences and dealer benefits

"IIn-store Digital Access Points] give customers general details without assistance, while we provide answers to more specific questions and focus on sales"<br>Sales Associate, Kia



A strong digital offer can even increase add on sales


> online used car finance penetration (from start point of $<45 \%$ )

## The financial impact of an unsophisticated 'back end' is large

| Sales <br> Chanel <br> Efficiency | Loss of Potential Leads | $£ 120 \mathrm{k} / \mathrm{year}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Low Conversion of core and <br> ancillary products | $£ 500 \mathrm{k} / \mathrm{year}$ |  |
| Reduced OEM Bonus | Not modelled- but likely <br> significant! |  |
| Cost Management |  |  |

>8800k/year margin uplift<br>Estimated for a 750/month lead franchise

## So, in summary for digitisation

## 1

Full online transaction is overhyped...

## 2

but omni-channel is the future

## 3

Digitisation of the customer search journey is growing catchments - and increasing competition for leads...

## 4

The lack of digitisation of the back end today is driving margin down - both via lost sales and in costs

5
The need to adapt is only getting stronger

## So what does that mean dealers should do...

## A

Invest in tech to improve attraction \& conversion: multi-channel, seamless cust. experience and back end

B instinct

## C

Push automation to drive labour reduction/reliance

# Taking the trends together, and considering the imperatives already outlined - gives 8 actions we think dealers should prioritise 



## If no action is taken there are number of downsides



## If action is taken there are a number of opportunities



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
2014-2020 \\
\text { Locatio } \\
-9 \%
\end{array} \quad-10 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

There are opportunities to increase throughput, despite industry trends, but it will require action....

Review OEM mix and adjust footprint (for EV winners / agency attitude)

Multi-branding is a greater opportunity in the UK than other European markets.

Portfolio adjustment may help follow the market trends

Mine opportunities to drive up conversion with all buyers, and specifically EV

OEMs will need to reward EV sales: ensure you can maximise this

Progress increased automation of sales administration tasks

Invest in ability to serve EV customers, via technology, energy supply and training for teams

## Employment expense is 40-50\% of the dealership operational costs - is there another way?

APPROXIMATE COST STACK

| General and other Expenses | c.3\% | General and other Expenses |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Training | c. 2 \% |  |
| Advertising \& Sales Promotion | c.8\% | Training |
|  |  | Advertising \& Sales Promotion |
| Demonstrator Expenses | c.9\% | Demonstrator Expenses |
| New Stock Surcharges | c.2\% | New Stock Surcharges |
| Preparation | c.6\% | Preparation |
| Employee Benefits | c.5\% | Employee Benefits |
| Other Salaries \& Wages | c.18\% | Other Salaries \& Wages |
| Sales Executive Salaries | $26 \%$ | Sales Executive Salaries |
| Sales Executive Commission | $21 \%$ | Sales Executive Commission |

Identify cost cuts which don't impact customer OEM (Principally via automation \& digitisation)

Reduce employment costs by driving more digitisation of the sales process

Progress increased automation of sales administration tasks

Re-imagine how the sales department is staffed

Sales Executive
Commission

# Stock acquisition costs for used could also be better controlled and this will be key to offset online threats and disruption from the likes of Motorway 

Identify cost cuts which don't impact customer OEM (Principally via automation \& digitisation)

Focus CRM on buying customers cars and not selling them

Fully leverage data insight to maximise pricing

Make it frictionless and transparent for customers to sell their car to you

Standardise and separate reconditioning if scale allows

Aftersales represents a massive threat on profit, but also an opportunity with the right strategy

| Update aftersales CRM / strategy |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mix of Work in Service | Average Invoice Value |
| $0-1$ Years | 8\% | £205 |
| 1-2 Years | 13\% | £256 |
| 2.3 Years | 17\% | £261 |
| < 3 Years | 38\% | £248 |
| 3-4 Years | 14\% | £302 |
| 4.5 Years | 11\% | £306 |
| $5+$ Years | 37\% | £300 |
| $>3$ Years | 62\% | £302 |

Short/Mid Term: Continue to increase penetration of Segment 2 parc units

Maximise skills gap between franchised and independent repair sectors

Aftersales represents a massive threat on profit, but also an opportunity with the right strategy

$\checkmark$ Lubricant Offsets: Tyres, Tyres, Tyres
$\checkmark$ Multi-franchise repair opportunity as OEMs reduce sales points

Aftersales represents a massive threat on profit, but also an opportunity with the right strategy

Update aftersales CRM / strategy


## Productivity: Re-imagine workshop practices with Lean Thinking

Vehicle reconditioning will be an increasing opportunity if ownership cycles increase

Al and digital customer activation presents a huge opportunity for sales maximisation and cost controls in aftersales as well as sales

Personalisation is key.
Customers will spend 15\% more with brands that personalise engagements

Al now can unlock the full potential of dealer data

Together these changes have a number of implications for (rising) overheads - and the potential returns to scale in the sector

1

Consistently loss making / marginal locations to close

3

Process automation for administration

## 2

Decarbonisation will become imperative for franchise dealers and can reduce operating costs

## 4

Small dealers / Local Heroes can survive by being last to exit secondary locations

The dealer of tomorrow is likely to have a number of key attributes



Connected

The connected car is becoming mainstream-and producing vast quantities of data

FORECAST OF UK NEW CONNECTED-GAR REGISTRATIONS

> "A connected
> car can generate 25 GB of data per hour of driving"
> - Ford 2016

Few use cases are mature and valuable today, and those that are target fleets or niche insurance customers

Connected Vehicle Use Cases, by Value \& Market Maturity



## Subscription



## Subscription is filling a gap



## PIV TAL Hertz higecar Gett fAXI $\mathbb{V}$ ONTO enterprise TURO Uber 3 uberPOOL

## A third of drivers say they're interested in subscription


likely to consider a monthly subscription

WHAT MAKES SUBSCRIPTIONS ATTRACTIVE (\%, UK drivers)

No surprise one off costs

Less hassle to have everything in one contract

I like paying things monthly
41

No deposit required

But the near-term impact is likely to be at most $3 \%-10 \%$ of new cars in 2028: translating to <2\% of the parc

of new car transactions (high case 12\%)

(high case 4\%)
of total car parc
(high case 3\%)

## Low uptake driven by sticker shock

Consumers are not realistic on cost expectations ...

Consumer Annual Cost Expectations ${ }^{2,3}$

. this is accentuated by the price premium of subscription for flexibility



## Six levels of autonomy - many new cars are Level 2, but 3 very limited



## Level 3 autonomy is forecast to become commonplace

Level 3Level 4 \& 5

## THE ROAD AHEAD

FOR AUTOMOTIVE RETAIL

[^0]Source: BloombergNEF, Desk Research, OC\&C analysi

## Significant blockers to overcome




When AV is introduced it will increase miles travelled significantly due to transit substitution and induced demand

IMPACT OF AV ON MILES TRAVELLED

New Demand from New Users (eg the elderly, impaired)

## Night driving demand

## Ability to drive and do things

Substitution from public transport
Reduced stress and fatigue

## And the majority will still want their own cars

PREFERENCE FOR EXCLUSIVE ACCESS VERSUS A POOL OF AUTONOMOUS VEHICLES


## So in summary...

## 1

These trends won't mean much for a long time

2
They won't destroy the car parc

## 3

But they may change business models for sale, test drive and servicing

4
There will be implications for retailer footprint - but this is a very long way off


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[^0]:    1. Bloomberg, "This $\$ 220$ Billion Market Opens Up a Path for Driverless Cars" November 2022 article.
